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		Revised edition no : 3.00
		Revision date : 2018-11-29
		Supersedes : 2016-07-05
<b>Dichlorosilane</b>		<b>043</b>
		Country : DE / Language : EN

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

**1.1. Product identifier**

Trade name : Dichlorosilane  
 SDS no : 043  
 Chemical description : Dichlorosilane  
 CAS-No. : 4109-96-0  
 EC-No. : 223-888-3  
 EC Index-No. : ---  
 Registration-No. : 01-2120776028-49  
 Chemical formula : SiH2Cl2

**1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Relevant identified uses : Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use.  
 Test gas/Calibration gas.  
 Laboratory use.  
 Chemical reaction / Synthesis.  
 Use for manufacture of electronic/photovoltaic components.  
 Contact supplier for more information on uses.  
 Uses advised against : Consumer use.

**1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Company identification**

**Supplier**  
 AIR LIQUIDE Deutschland GmbH  
 Luise-Rainer-Straße 5  
 40235 Düsseldorf - GERMANY  
 T +49 (0)211 6699-0 - F +49 (0)211 6699-222  
[info@airliquide.de](mailto:info@airliquide.de)

E-Mail address (competent person) : info.SDB@airliquide.de

**1.4. Emergency telephone number**

Emergency telephone number : +49 (0)2151 398668  
 Availability  
 ( 24 / 7 )

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

**2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]**

Physical hazards	Flammable gases, Category 1	H220
	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	H280
Health hazards	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2	H330
	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B	H314
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318

**2.2. Label elements**

**Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]**

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :



GHS02

GHS04

GHS05

GHS06

Signal word (CLP) : Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) : H220 - Extremely flammable gas..

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H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated..

H330 - Fatal if inhaled..

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage..

EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract..

**Precautionary statements (CLP)**

- Prevention : P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection..  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking..
- Response : P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely..  
P381 - In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.  
P303+P361+P353+P315 - IF ON SKIN : (or hair) Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get immediate medical advice / attention.  
P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice..  
P305+P351+P338+P315 - IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice..
- Storage : P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place..  
P405 - Store locked up..

**2.3. Other hazards**

: None.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.1. Substances**

Name	Product identifier	Composition [V-%]:	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Dichlorosilane	(CAS-No.) 4109-96-0 (EC-No.) 223-888-3 (EC Index-No.) --- (Registration-No.) 01-2120776028-49	100	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

*Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.*
**3.2. Mixtures** : Not applicable.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

- : May cause severe chemical burns to skin and cornea. Suitable first-aid treatment should be immediately available. Seek medical advice before using product.  
Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.  
Refer to section 11.

**4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- : Obtain medical assistance.  
Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

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**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1. Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.  
Dry powder.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide.  
Do not use water jet to extinguish.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products : Silica dust (inert - but may irritate respiratory tract and eyes). Hydrogen chloride.

**5.3. Advice for firefighters**

- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.  
If possible, stop flow of product.  
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.  
Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire.  
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.  
Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.  
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- : Try to stop release.  
Evacuate area.  
Monitor concentration of released product.  
Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres.  
Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.  
Eliminate ignition sources.  
Use chemically protective clothing.  
Ensure adequate air ventilation.  
Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.  
Act in accordance with local emergency plan.  
Stay upwind.

**6.2. Environmental precautions**

- : Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray.  
Try to stop release.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**

- : Hose down area with water.  
Dust deposited may be vacuum cleaned or the area hosed down with water.  
Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

**6.4. Reference to other sections**

- : See also sections 8 and 13.

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**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Safe use of the product

- : The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
- Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
- Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
- Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.
- Do not smoke while handling product.
- Avoid exposure, obtain special instructions before use.
- Avoid contact with aluminium.
- Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
- Installation of a cross purge assembly between the cylinder and the regulator is recommended.
- Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service.
- Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
- Assess the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres and the need for explosion-proof equipment.
- Purge air from system before introducing gas.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges).
- Consider the use of only non-sparking tools.
- Do not breathe gas.
- Avoid release of product into atmosphere.
- Ensure equipment is adequately earthed.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle

- : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
- Do not allow backfeed into the container.
- Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
- When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
- Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
- If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
- Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
- Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
- Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
- Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
- Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
- Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
- Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
- Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder contents.
- Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
- Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

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- : Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
- Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
- Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
- Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
- Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
- Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
- Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
- Keep away from combustible materials.
- Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants in store.
- All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

- : None.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1. Control parameters**

OEL (Occupational Exposure Limits) : No data available.

DNEL (Derived-No Effect Level) : No data available.

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : No data available.

**8.2. Exposure controls****8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls**

- : Product to be handled in a closed system and under strictly controlled conditions.
- Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
- Preferably use permanent leak-tight installations (e.g. welded pipes).
- Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.
- Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.
- Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

**8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment**

- : A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered:
  - PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.
- Eye/face protection
  - : Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
  - Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
  - Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.
- Skin protection
  - Hand protection
    - : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
    - Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.
    - Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.
    - Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals.
    - Chloroprene rubber (Neoprene®) (CR).
  - Other
    - : Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use.
    - Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.
    - Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.
    - Standard EN ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials.
    - Standard EN 1149-5 - Protective clothing: Electrostatic properties.
    - Wear safety shoes while handling containers.
    - Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
- Respiratory protection
  - : Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.
  - Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term

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period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.  
Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate device.

Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.  
Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .  
Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.  
Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.  
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

• Thermal hazards : None in addition to the above sections.

### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa : Gas.
- Colour : Colourless. Gives off white fumes in moist air.

Odour : Pungent.

Odour threshold : Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.

Melting point : -122 °C

Boiling point : 8.4 °C

Flash point : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

Flammability range : 2.5 - 80 vol %

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : Not applicable.

Evaporation rate (ether=1) : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

Vapour pressure [20°C] : 1.6 bar(a)

Vapour pressure [50°C] : 3.8 bar(a)

Relative density, gas (air=1) : 3.5

Relative density, liquid (water=1) : 1.3

Solubility in water : Completely soluble.

pH value : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water [log Kow] : Not applicable for inorganic products.

Decomposition point [°C] : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : 45 - 185

Viscosity [20°C] : No reliable data available.

Explosive Properties : Not applicable.

Oxidising Properties : Not applicable.

### 9.2. Other information

Molar mass : 101 g/mol

Critical temperature [°C] : 176 °C

Other data : Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

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**10.2. Chemical stability**

: Stable under normal conditions.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Can form explosive mixture with air.  
May react violently with oxidants.**10.4. Conditions to avoid**: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.  
Avoid moisture in installation systems.**10.5. Incompatible materials**: Air, Oxidisers.  
For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1. Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**: Fatal if inhaled.  
Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.

LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)

157 ppm/4h

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**Serious eye damage/irritation**

: Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

: No known effects from this product.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

: No known effects from this product.

**Carcinogenicity**

: No known effects from this product.

**Reproductive toxicity**

:

Toxic for reproduction : Fertility

: No known effects from this product.

Toxic for reproduction : unborn child

: No known effects from this product.

**STOT-single exposure**

: Severe corrosion to the respiratory tract at high concentrations.

May cause nausea and irritation of the respiratory tract. Hydrolysis of silanes in the body forms silicic acid or hydrated silica.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

: No known effects from this product.

**Aspiration hazard**

: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information****12.1. Toxicity**

## Assessment

: No data available.

EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l]

: No data available.

EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l]

: No data available.

LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]

: No data available.

**12.2. Persistence and degradability**

## Assessment

: Not applicable for inorganic products.

**12.3. Bioaccumulative potential**

## Assessment

: No data available.

**12.4. Mobility in soil**

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Assessment : Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.  
Partition into soil is unlikely.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment : No data available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.  
Effect on the ozone layer : None.  
Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Contact supplier if guidance is required.  
Must not be discharged to atmosphere.  
Toxic and corrosive gases formed during combustion should be scrubbed before discharge to atmosphere.  
Gas may be scrubbed in alkaline solution under controlled conditions to avoid violent reaction.  
Gases formed by combustion should be washed with water to remove silica.  
Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.  
Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.org> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.  
Return unused product in original cylinder to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2001/118/EC) : 16 05 04 \*: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.

### 13.2. Additional information

: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

UN-No. : 2189

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : DICHLOROSILANE

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Dichlorosilane

Transport by sea (IMDG) : DICHLOROSILANE

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### Labelling



2.3 : Toxic gases.  
2.1 : Flammable gases.  
8 : Corrosive substances.

#### Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

Class : 2.  
Classification code : 2TFC.  
Hazard identification number : 263.  
Tunnel Restriction : B/D - Tank carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category B, C, D and E. Other carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E.



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**Transport by sea (IMDG)**

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.3 (2.1, 8)  
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire : F-D.  
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage : S-U.

**14.4. Packing group**

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : Not established.  
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not established.  
Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not established.

**14.5. Environmental hazards**

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : None.  
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None.  
Transport by sea (IMDG) : None.

**14.6. Special precautions for user****Packing Instruction(s)**

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : P200.  
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)  
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : Forbidden.  
Cargo Aircraft only : Forbidden.  
Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200.

Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.  
Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.  
Before transporting product containers:  
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.  
- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.  
- Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking.  
- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.  
- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code**

: Not applicable.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****EU-Regulations**

Restrictions on use : None.  
Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Covered.

**National regulations**

National legislation : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

**Germany**

Water hazard class (WGK) : Water hazard class (WGK) 1, low hazard to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1; ID No. 557)

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Other information, restrictions and prohibition regulations : [German regulations] BetriebssicherheitsV mit TRBSen insbesondere TRBS 3145 / TRGS 725 Ortsbewegliche Druckgasbehälter", TRBS 2141, BGR Regel 500 Teil 2.33: "Umgang mit Gasen", GefahrstoffV mit Technischen Regeln Gefährliche Stoffe TRGS insbesondere TRGS 407 "Tätigkeiten mit Gasen - Gefährdungsbeurteilung", TRGS 400, 500, 510, 900." BGR 104, TRBS 2152.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA has not yet been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes : Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  
 REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  
 EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
 CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number  
 PPE - Personal Protection Equipment  
 LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population  
 RMM - Risk Management Measures  
 PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative  
 STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure  
 CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment  
 EN - European Standard  
 UN - United Nations  
 ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
 IATA - International Air Transport Association  
 IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail  
 WGK - Water Hazard Class

Training advice : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.  
 Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.  
 Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases, Category 1
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

: Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.  
 Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.  
 Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.